

DEC 2 0 2010

## VIA U.S. MAIL

Darryl Nettles, Treasurer Committee to Elect Brian "Ryan B" Doyle to Congress P.O. Box 936 11 Pipeline Road Aiken, SC 29801

**RE:** MUR 6312

Dear Mr. Nettles:

On June 22, 2010, the Federal Election Commission notified you that it had received a complaint alleging violations of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("the Act") on the part of the Committee to Elect Brian "Ryan B" Doyle to Congress and you, in your official capacity as treasurer (the "Committee"). A copy of the complaint was forwarded at that time.

Upon further review of the allegations contained in the complaint, and information supplied by you and Mr. Doyle, on behalf of the Committee, the Commission, on December 14, 2010, voted to dismiss this matter. A Factual and Legal Analysis providing a basis for the Commission's decision is enclosed. The Commission cautions that an individual becomes a "candidate," and triggers registration and reporting responsibilities under the Act when the individual has decided to run for federal office and the individual and/or persons he or she has authorized to conduct campaign activity receive over \$5,000 in contributions or make over \$5,000 in expenditures. 2 U.S.C. § 431(2)(A). A candidate's contributions and loans to his or her own cumpaign constitute contributions, and spending such funds results in expenditures, see 2 U.S.C. §§ 431(8)(A)(i) and (9)(A)(i); see also Campaign Guide for Congressional Candidates and Committees at p. 26, Chapter 4, Section 12, "Candidate's Personal Funds," (2008), available at http://www.fec.gov/pdf/candgui.pdf.

Each treasurer of a political committee shall file reports of receipts and disbursements in accordance with 2 U.S.C. § 434(a). In an election year, a principal campaign committee must file a pre-election report 12 days before any election, including a primary election, and must file quarterly reports, to be filed no later than 15 days after the last day of each calendar quarter. See 2 U.S.C. § 434(a)(2)(A)(i) and (iii). The Commission cautions the Committee to take steps to ensure that the filing of the Committee's reports is in compliance with the Act and the Commission's regulations.

Documents related to the case will be placed on the public record within 30 days. See Statement of Policy Regarding Disclosure of Closed Enforcement and Related Files, 68 Fed. Reg. 76426 (Dec. 18, 2003) and Statement of Policy Regarding Placing First General Counsel's Reports on the Public Record, 74 Fed. Reg. 66132 (Dec. 14, 2009).

If you have any questions, please contact Audra Hale-Maddox, the attorney assigned to this matter, at (202) 694-1650.

Sincerely,

Peter G. Blumberg

**Assistant General Counsel** 

**Enclosure** 

Factual and Legal Analysis

cc: Brian L. Doyle

1 2	FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
3	FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS
4 5 6	RESPONDENT: Committee to Elect Brian "Ryan B" Doyle to Congress, and Darryl Nettles, in his official capacity as treasurer
7	I. GENERATION OF MATTER
8	This matter was generated by a complaint filed with the Federal Election Commission by
9	Citizens for Responsibility and Ethics in Washington. See 2 U.S.C. § 437g(a)(1).
10	II. <u>FACTUAL SUMMARY</u>
11	The complaint alleges that the Committee to Elect Brian "Ryan B" Doyle to Congress
12	and Darryl Nettles, in his official capacity as treasurer ("the Committee"), the authorized
13	committee for Brian Lamont Doyle's primary campaign for South Carolina's Third
14	Congressional seat, knowingly and willfully violated the Federal Election Campaign Act of
15	1971, as amended ("the Act"), when it failed to file its April Quarterly Report, due on April 15,
16	2010, and its Pre-Primary Election Report, due on May 27, 2010. <sup>2</sup> 2 U.S.C. § 434(a)(2)(A)(i)
17	and (iii).
18	Brian Doyle submitted the Committee's Response. The Response requests that the
19	Commission dismiss the complaint because the candidate completely self-funded his campaign
20	and accepted no contributions from others, and therefore did not meet the \$5,000 contribution
21	threshold that would trigger the Act's reporting requirements. See Response at ¶¶ 6-8.
	Darryl Nettles, who is listed on the Committee's Statement of Organization as its treasurer, responded that he

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Darryl Nettles, who is listed on the Committee's Statement of Organization as its treasurer, responded that he verbally agreed to work on Doyle's campaign, but never performed any treasurer duties. The Committee filed no disclosure reports during Mr. Doyle's campaign, but the Committee has not amended its Statement of Organization to remove Mr. Nettles' name. Patricia Smith, designated on the most recent Form 3 as Deputy Treasurer, filed an Amended Termination Report on behalf of the Committee following the Committee's receipt of the complaint in this matter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Although CREW also alleged that Mr. Doyle failed to file these disclosure reports, the Act does not place the filing responsibilities on the candidate, so the Commission did not notify Doyle as a respondent, and we make no findings as to him. Mr. Doyle responded to the Complaint on behalf of both himself and the Committee.

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## Committee to Elect Brian "Ryan B" Doyle to Congress Factual and Legal Analysis

- 1 However, this response reflects a mistaken understanding of the law as the loaning and spending
- of a candidate's personal funds constitute contributions and expenditures. 2 U.S.C.
- 3  $\S\S 431(8)(A)(i)$  and (9)(A)(i).
- 4 Mr. Doyle declared himself a candidate and contributed and spent over \$5,000 of his
- 5 personal funds in connection with his campaign by February 2010. Thus, he became a candidate
- 6 at that time and his Committee was required to file an April Quarterly Report and a Pre-Primary
- 7 Election Report. See 2 U.S.C. §§ 431(2)(A), 434(a)(2)(A)(i) and (iil). Due to the Committee's
- 8 apparent confusion over the law, and the fact that it has now filed a Report time discloses the
- 9 campaign's total contributions and expenditures, the Commission exercises its prosecutorial
- discretion to dismiss this matter and cautions the Committee regarding the obligation to file
- required disclosure reports. See Heckler v. Chaney, 470 U.S. 821, 831 (1985).

### III. FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

#### A. Factual Background

- 14 Brian Lamont Doyle sought the Democratic Party's nomination for the South Carolina
- 15 Third Congressional District seat in the June 8, 2010, primary election. He submitted a
- 16 Statement of Candidacy dated December 1, 2009 to the Commission, received on December 16,
- 17 2009, designation the Committee as his principal comparing contenttee. In his accompanying
- 18 cover letter, Mr. Doyle stated that "Inily State Party requires filing of form in order to be place
- 19 [sic] on state web-site or affiliation with the party. I am hereby filing my form now as I have not
- 20 met the federal requirement of \$5,000 dollars yet." Mr. Doyle also attached to his Statement of
- 21 Candidacy his Declaration of Candidacy for the Democratic Party of South Carolina dated
- 22 December 2, 2009, giving formal notice to the South Carolina Democratic Party of his intention
- 23 to run for the seat in the Third Congressional District in the 2010 election. Thereafter, the

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upon them.

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Committee filed its Statement of Organization dated January 4, 2010, received on January 11, 1 2 2010, listing Darryl Nettles as the Committee's treasurer. See footnote 1. 3 Mr. Doyle lost the Democratic primary election on July 8, 2010, garnering 35% of the 4 vote. The Committee did not file any disclosure reports with the Commission during the course 5 of the campaign, and only did so after the Commission mailed notice of the Complaint in this matter on June 22, 2010. On June 30, 2010, the Committee filed what appears to be a combined 6 7 2010 April Quarterly/ 12-Day Pre-Primary Election/ Termination Report ("Termination 8 Report"). The Termination Report disclosed an undated \$25,000 loan from the candidate, a 9 single un-itemized \$100.00 contribution, and un-itemized expenditures totalling \$20.899.00. 10 including \$7,500 in disbursements for "Media Services (Radio)" made April 24, 2010 through 11 May 28, 2010, and \$8,199 in disbursements for "Mailing Material, Sign, etc." made April 12, 12 2010 through May 20, 2010. The Committee also reported outstanding debt of \$29,150.00, 13 including \$21,400 owed to the Eleazer Carter Law Firm for legal fees stemming from a lawsuit 14 Doyle brought against the South Carolina Democratic Party and \$7,750.00 owed to MTG 15 Services for "consultant services legal assistance." See FEC Form 3, June 30, 2010. 16 The Committee then filed its response to the complaint in this matter. In the response, 17 the Committee stated: 18 Respondents show that they have rightfully relied on the 19 information provided to them by this honorable Commission and 20 its representatives. Specifically Respondents were informed that 21 no reporting would be necessary unless and until an amount in excess of five-thousand dollars (\$5,000.00 USA) had been 22 23 donated/collected. For the very purpose of avoiding situations 24 such as this no campaign contributions were accepted by 25 Respondents. The campaign was completely self-funded by

Respondent Dayle. Of [sic] information and belief Respondents

have faithfully and fully complied with all the requirements placed

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1 Committee Response at ¶¶ 6-8.

2 On July 13, 2010, RAD sent the Committee a Request for Additional Information 3 ("RFAI"), informing the Committee that it had not met the requirements for termination and 4 noting several deficiencies in the Termination Report. In addition, on August 3, 2010, RAD sent 5 the Committee a failure to file notice regarding the Committee's failure to file its 2010 July 6 Quarterly Report. 7 On August 17, 2010, the Commission received the Committee's Amended Termination 8 Report dated August 13, 2010, correcting and clasifying certain deficiencies identified in the 9 RFAI, and including itemized contributions and expenditures from December 31, 2009 through 10 June 8, 2010, the date of the primary. Based on the itemized expenditures, which began on 11 December 31, 2009, it appears that the Committee's spending exceeded \$5,000 on February 24, 12 2010, thus triggering its reporting obligations under the Act. The Amended Termination Report 13 also itemized the previously undated candidate loan(s) of \$25,000 by disclosing a \$10,000 14 candidate loan made on May 10, 2010, and a \$15,000 candidate loan made on May 25, 2010, and 15 identified the single previously un-itemized \$100 contributor as the candidate's father. In letters 16 dated August 10, 2010, attached to the Amended Termination Report, Doyle states that he 17 forgives the \$25,000 in loans he made to his campaign and removes from the Committee's 18 Schodule D the debt and obligations reported on the June 30, 2010 Termination Report to the 19 Eleazer Carter Law Firm and MTG Services; the first he states is now a personal debt pending a 20 lawsuit, and the second has been repaid. The Amended Termination Report discloses a 21 disbursement to MTG Media of \$7,543.00 on April 18, 2010, and a May 20, 2010 disbursement

to the Eleazer Carter Law Firm of \$2,500.00. Lastly, on November 4, 2010, RAD sent the

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- 1 Committee a failure to file notice regarding the Committee's failure to file its 2010 October
- 2 Quarterly Report.

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### B. <u>Legal Analysis</u>

4 An individual triggers registration and reporting responsibilities under the Act when the individual and/or persons he or she has authorized to conduct campaign activity receive over 5 \$5,000 in contributions or make over \$5,000 in expenditures. 2 U.S.C. § 431(2)(A). The Act 6 7 defines a contribution as "any gift, subscription, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything 8 of value made by any person for the purpose of influencing any election for Federal office." See 9 2 U.S.C. § 431(8)(A)(i). An expenditure is "any purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, 10 deposit, or gift of money or anything of value, made by any person for the purpose of influencing 11 any election for Federal office." 2 U.S.C. § 431(9)(A)(i). The Campaign Guide for Congressional Candidates and Committees, available on the Commission's website, states that 12 13 "[w]hen candidates use their personal funds for campaign purposes, they are making 14 contributions to their campaigns. Unlike other contributions, these candidate contributions are 15 not subject to any limits. [Citation omitted.] They must, however, be reported." See Campaign Guide for Congressional Candidates and Committees at p. 26, Chapter 4, Section 12, 16 17 "Candidate's Personal Funds," available at http://www.fec.gov/pdf/candgui.ndf (enmbasis 18 added). 19 The Amended Termination Report the Committee filed indicates that the Committee 20 made expenditures exceeding \$5,000 as of February 24, 2010, thus triggering the reporting 21 requirements of the Act. In all, the Committee disclosed \$25,100 in contributions and loans to 22 the Committee, \$25,096 in expenditures, and \$18,900 in remaining debts, which the candidate 23 has stated he is assuming as a personal debt, rather than it remaining a Committee debt.

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#### Committee to Elect Brian "Ryan B" Doyle to Congress Factual and Legal Analysis

In an election year, a principal campaign committee must file a pre-election report 12 2 days before any election, including a primary election, and must file quarterly reports, to be filed no later than 15 days after the last day of each calendar quarter. See 2 U.S.C. § 434(a)(2)(A)(i) 3 4 and (iii). The Committee failed to timely file its 2010 April Quarterly, July Quarterly, and 5 October Quarterly Reports, and its election-sensitive 2010 Pre-Primary Report, thereby violating 6 the Act. 7 Failure to timely report is a serious violation of the Act. However, the Commission 8 decided not to pursue an enforcement action under the circumstances presented by this matter. The response indicates that the Committee still does not understand that a candidate's personal 9 10 funds loaned to his or her principal campaign committee constitute contributions, and that 11 expenditures, even from the candidate's own funds loaned to the committee, can trigger the 12 \$5,000 expenditures threshold. There is no information indicating that the Committee's failure 13 to file its reports timely was knowing and willful. It appears that the violations arose from the 14 sincere but mistaken belief that self-funded campaigns do not have to file disclosure reports with 15 the Commission, and it appears that the candidate and the Committee avoided soliciting 16 contributions from others in order to avoid triggering reporting obligations, in adherence to that 17 mistaken helief. This Factual and Legal Analysis should educate the Committee, and remove 18 any confusion should Mr. Doyle choose to run again for federal office. Moreover, the 19 Committee, albeit too late to inform the voters in South Carolina's Democratic primary election,

has now placed its itemized contributions and expenditures for Mr. Doyle's campaign on the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Mr. Doyle ran for the same federal office in the 2008 election cycle as a write-in candidate. He filed only a Statement of Candidacy with the Commission. There is no available information concerning whether Mr. Doyle's 2008 campaign received or spent in excess of \$5,000.

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- 1 public record. Accordingly, the Commission exercises its prosecutorial discretion and dismisses
- 2 the complaint. See Heckler v. Chaney, 470 U.S. 821, 831 (1985).